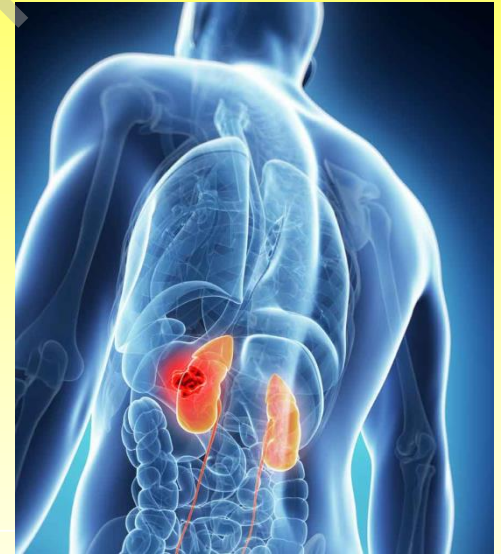
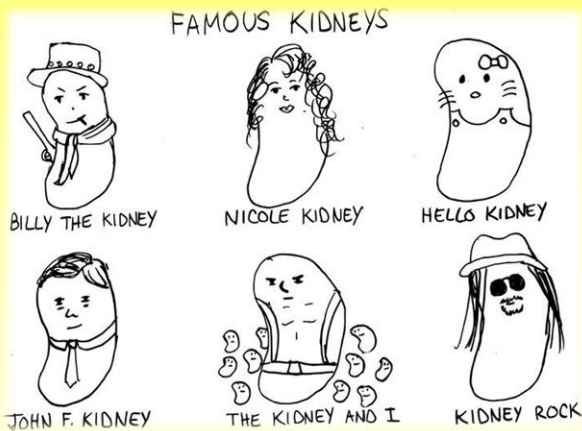


Renal disease in older people



Dr Matt Hall

Consultant Nephrologist

Nottingham University Hospitals

Demography of kidney
disease in the UK

**AKI in older people –
does dialysis help?**

CKD in older people –
does dialysis help?

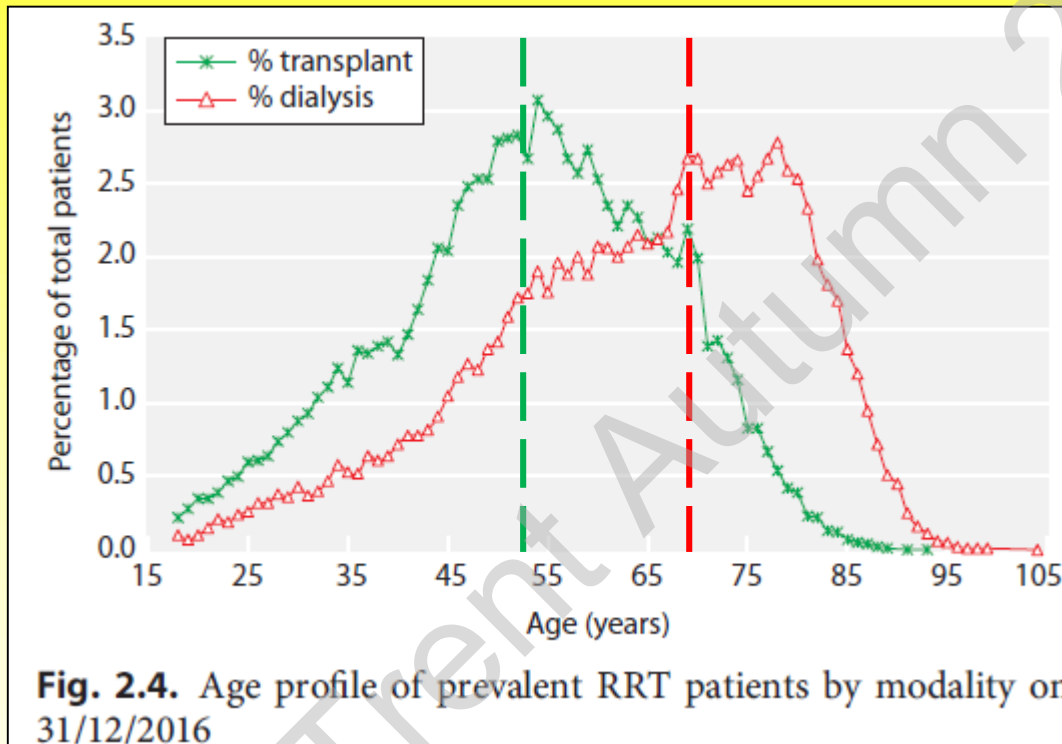
Bones and CKD in older
people

Blood pressure control

Renal disease in older people

Dialysis and transplant

UK Renal Registry 20th Annual Report: Chapter 2 UK Renal Replacement Therapy Adult Prevalence in 2016: National and Centre-specific Analyses

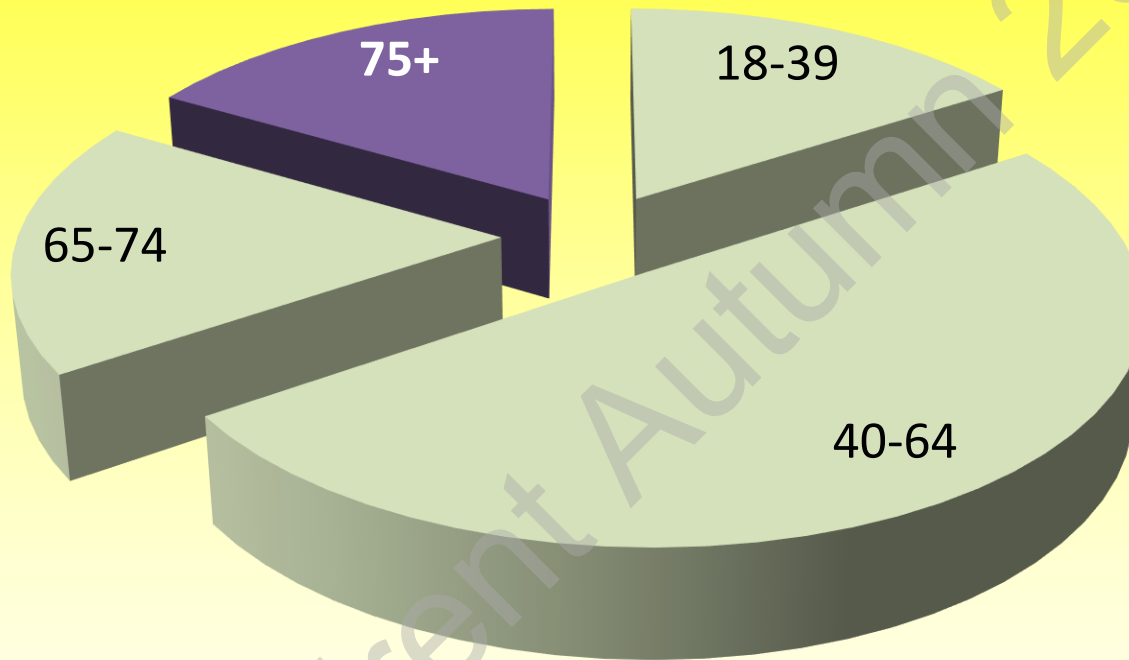


Median age in Nottingham:

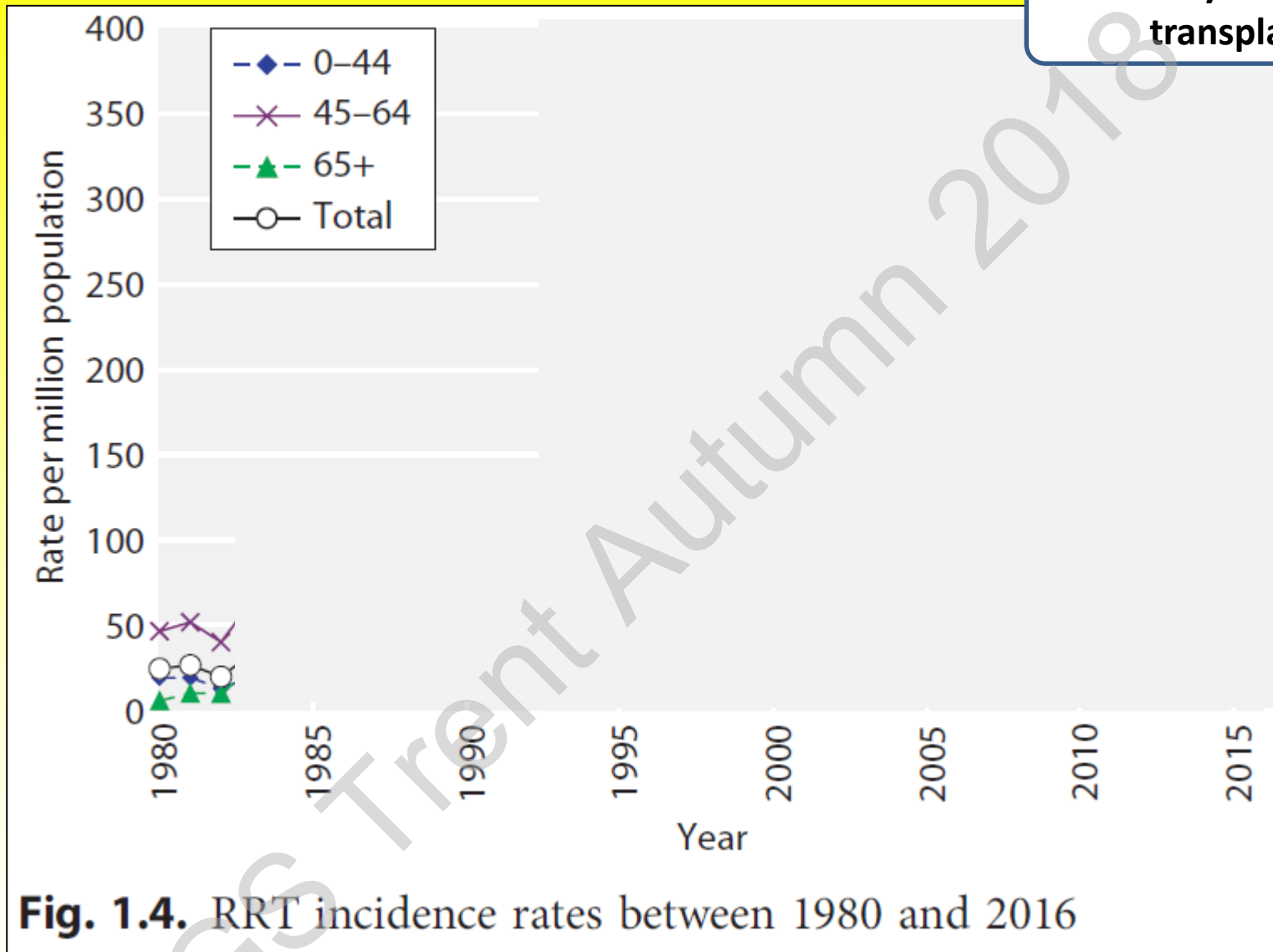
- Haemodialysis 69.4 years
- Peritoneal dialysis 61.9 years
- Transplant 55.3 years

Dialysis and transplant

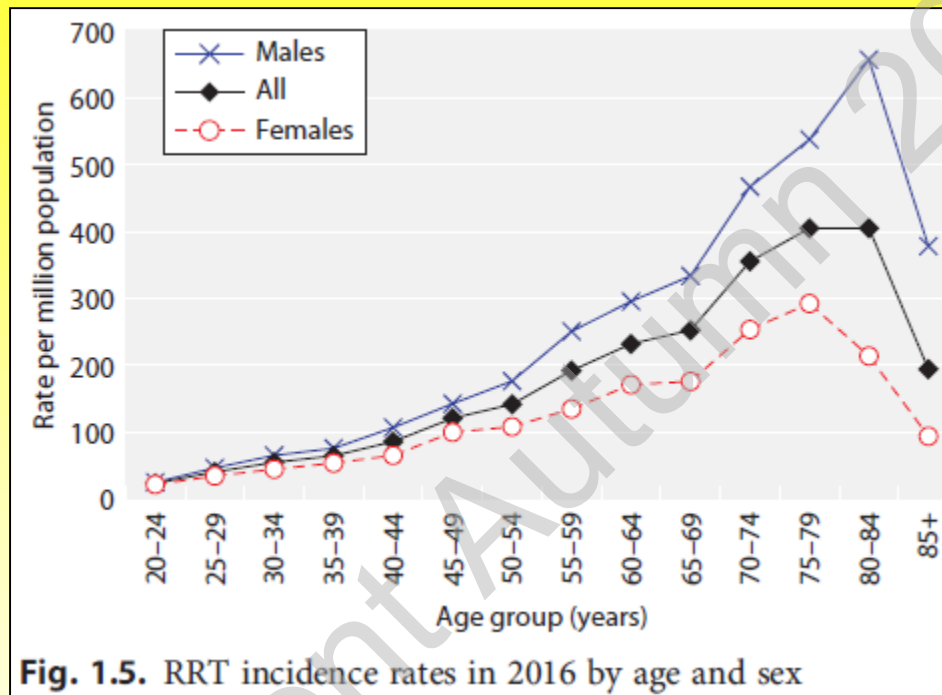
UK Renal Registry 20th Annual Report:
Chapter 2 UK Renal Replacement Therapy
Adult Prevalence in 2016: National and
Centre-specific Analyses



Dialysis and transplant patients in Nottingham



Dialysis and transplant



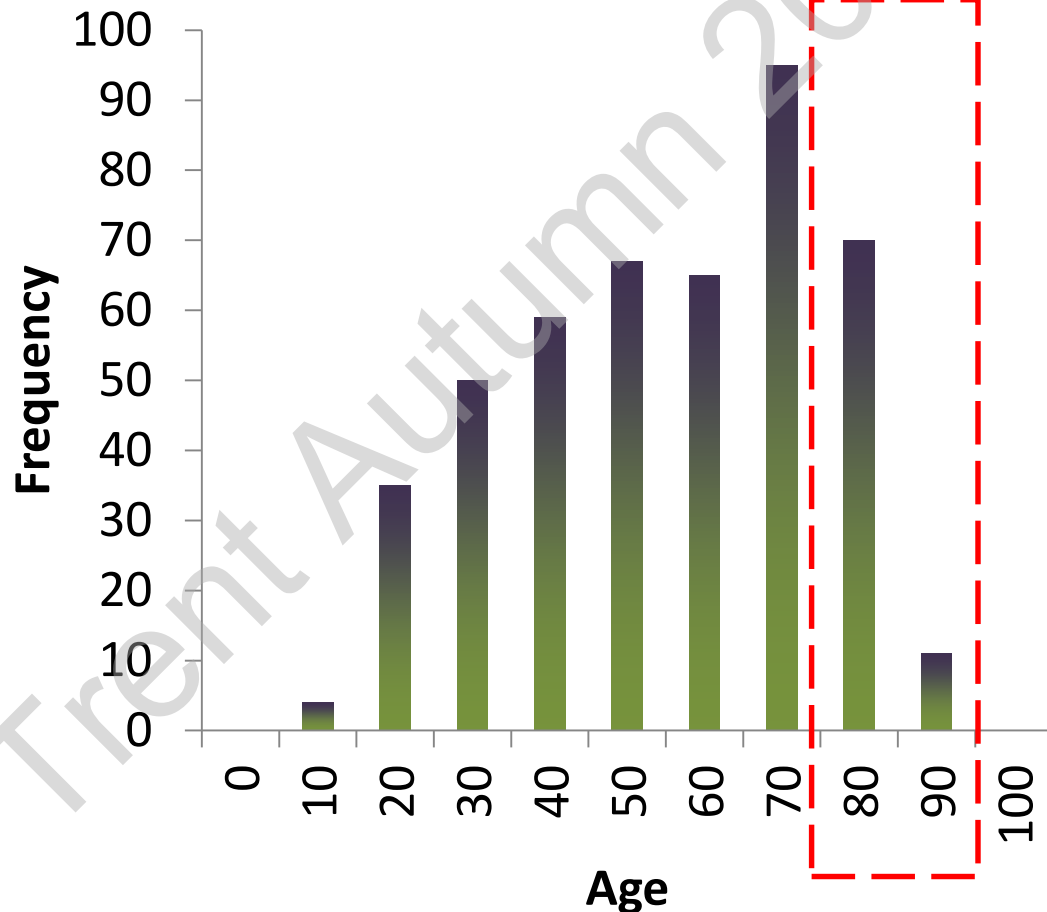
Median RRT start in UK:

- Haemodialysis 66.8 years
- Peritoneal dialysis 60.5 years
- Pre-emptive Transplant 50.5 years

CKD

My general nephrology clinic

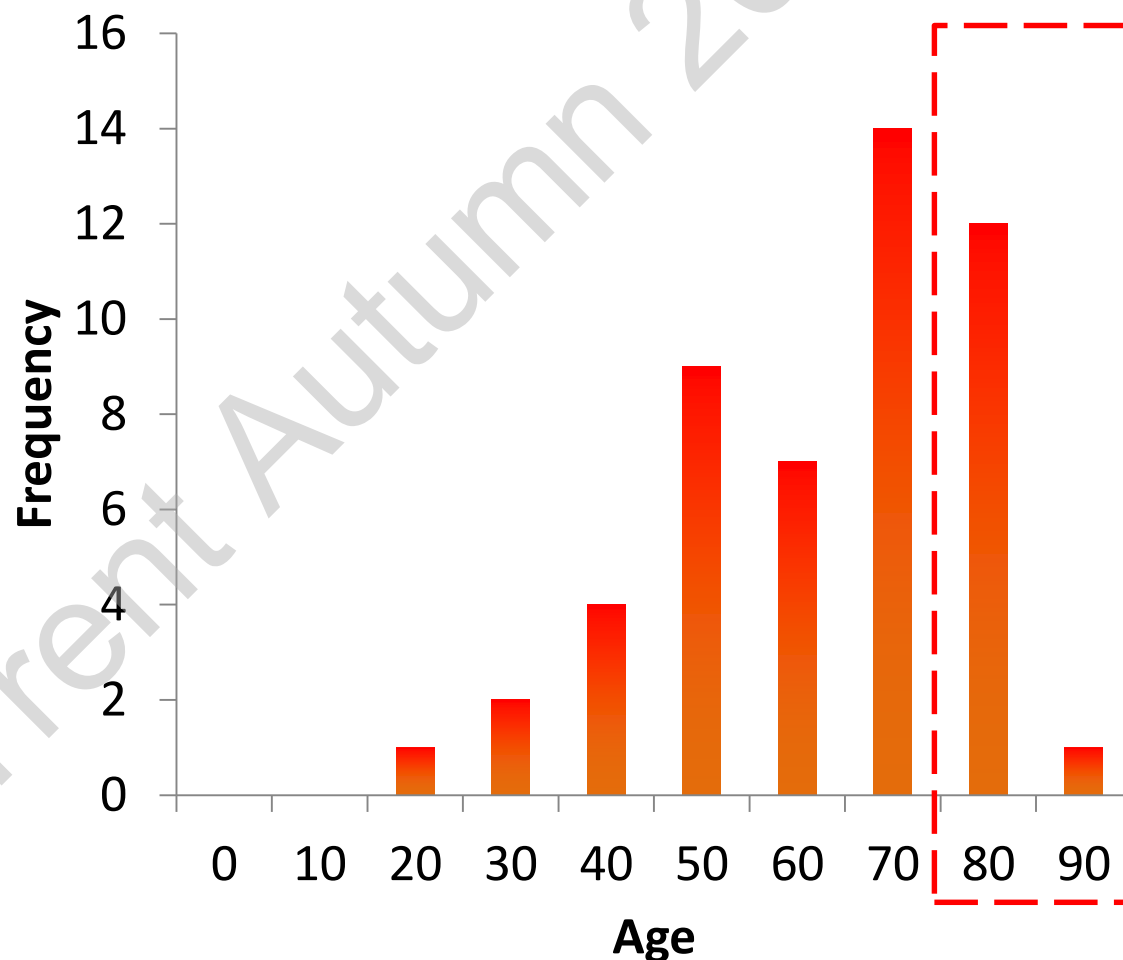
Median age: 63.7 years
80+ years: 17.8%



Haemodialysis

Ilkeston dialysis unit

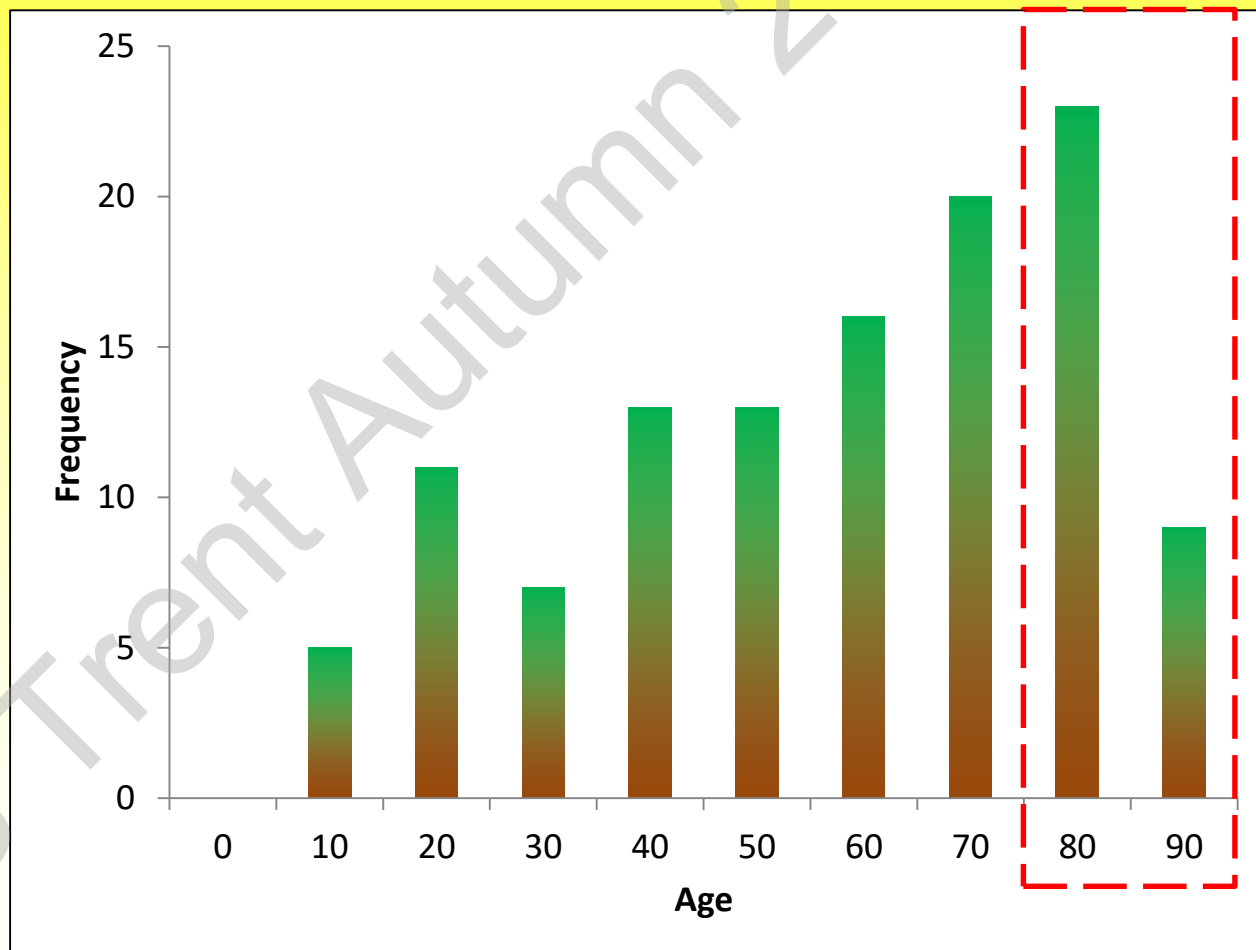
Median age: 68.6 years
80+ years: 30%



AKI

A snapshot of QMC
23-28/9/2018
AKI stages 2 and 3 eAlerts

Median age: 65.0 years
80+ years: 30%

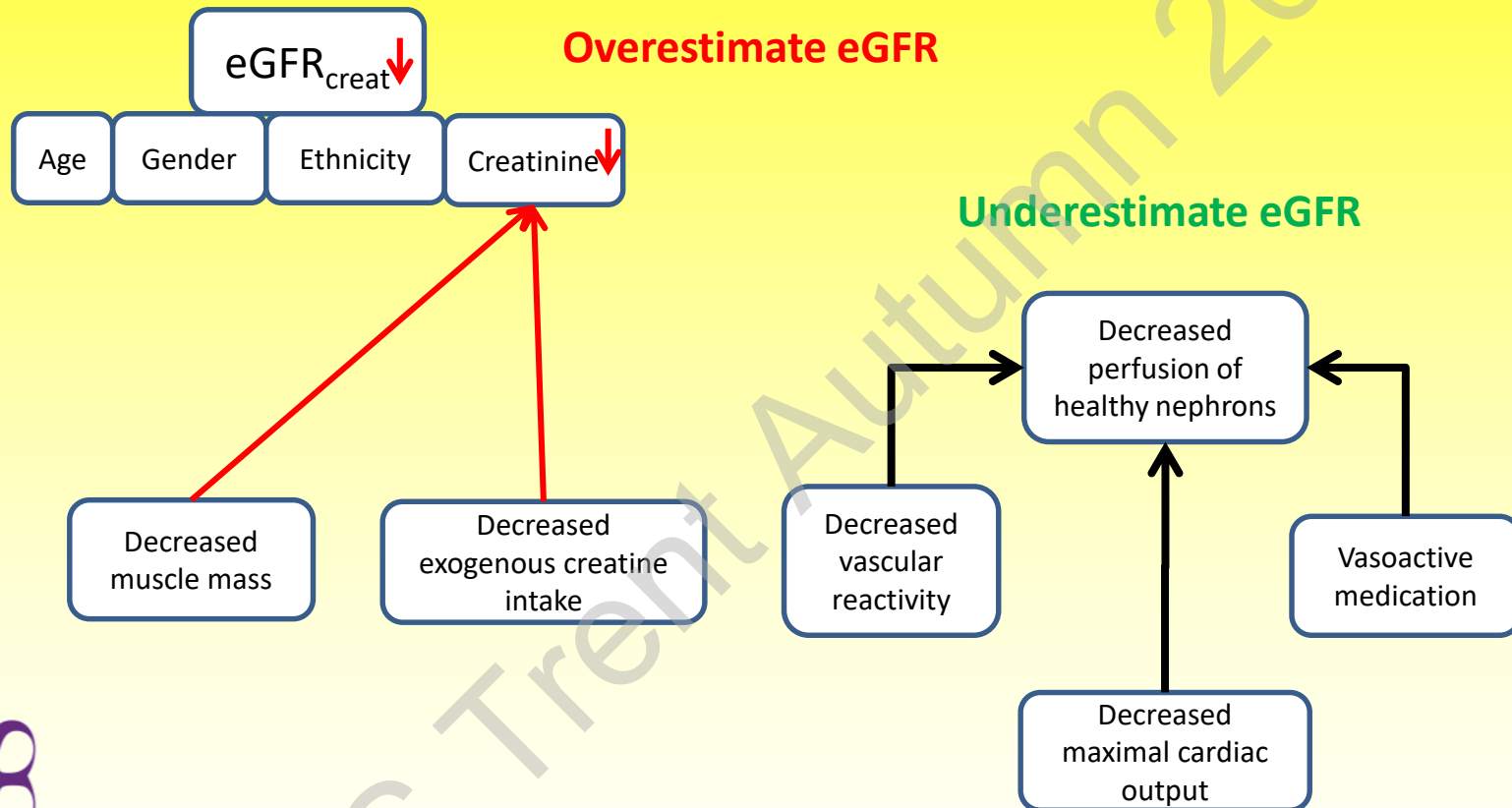


CKD in older people – does dialysis help?

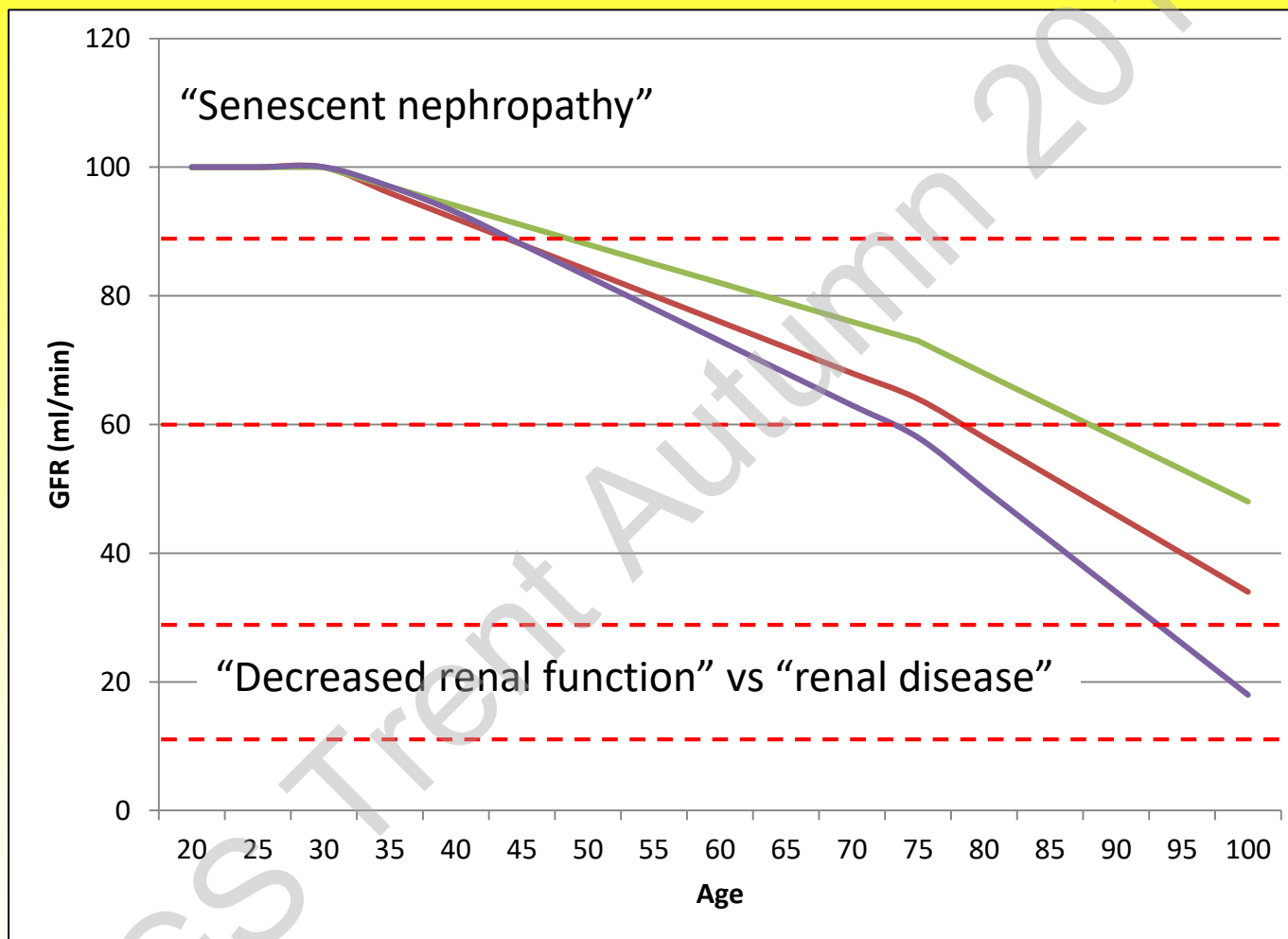
How do we define CKD in older people?

Guide to Frequency of Monitoring (number of times per year) by GFR and Albuminuria Category				Persistent albuminuria categories Description and range		
				A1	A2	A3
				Normal to mildly increased	Moderately increased	Severely increased
				<30 mg/g <3 mg/mmol	30–300 mg/g 3–30 mg/mmol	>300 mg/g >30mg/mmol
GFR categories (ml/min/1.73 m ²) Description and range	G1	Normal or high	≥90	1 if CKD	1	2
	G2	Mildly decreased	60–89	1 if CKD	1	2
	G3a	Mildly to moderately decreased	45–59	1	2	3
	G3b	Moderately to severely decreased	30–44	2	3	3
	G4	Severely decreased	15–29	3	3	4+
	G5	Kidney failure	<15	4+	4+	4+

How do we define CKD in older people?



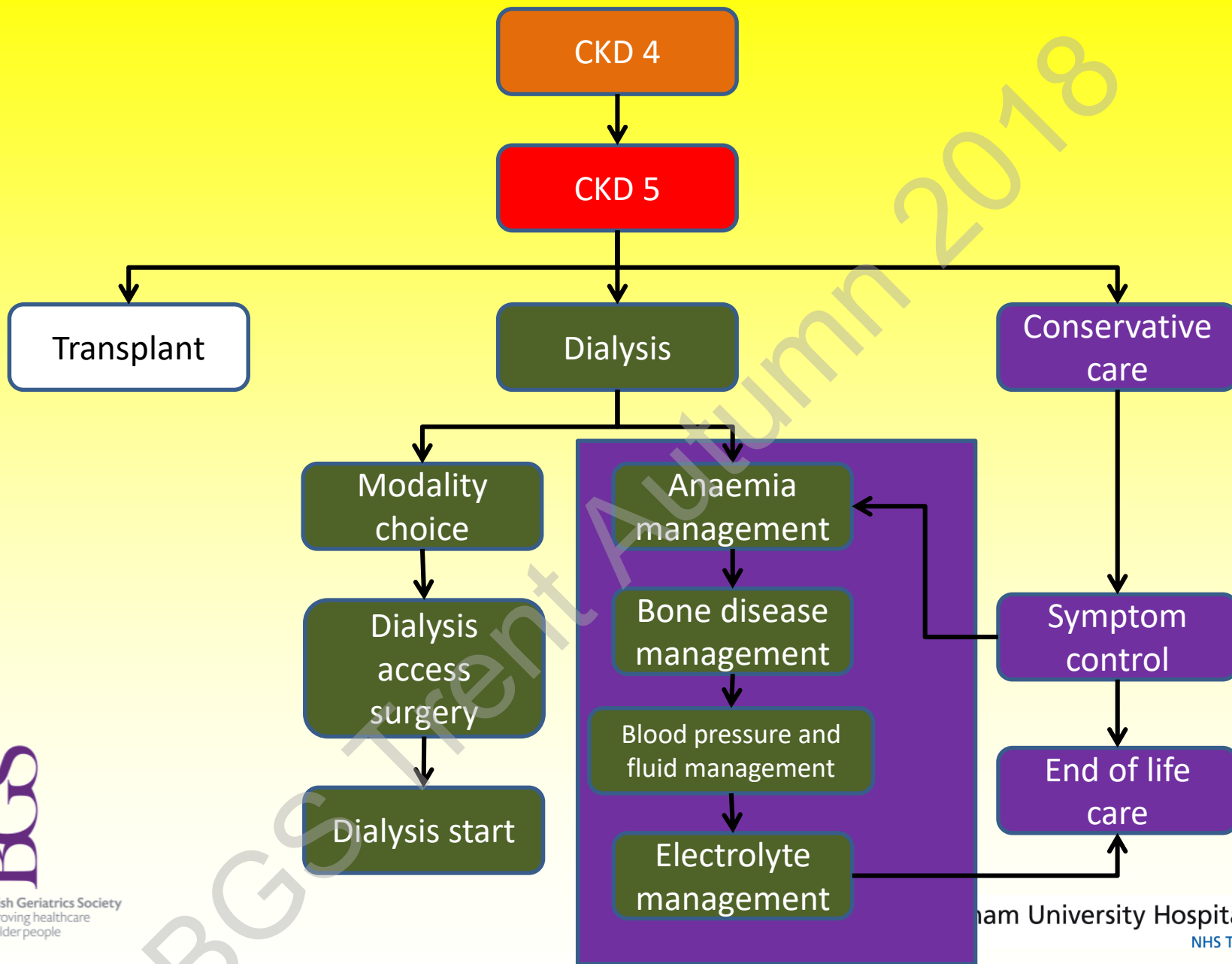
How do we define CKD in older people?



How do we define CKD in older people?

				Persistent albuminuria categories Description and range		
				A1	A2	A3
				Normal to mildly increased	Moderately increased	Severely increased
				<30 mg/g <3 mg/mmol	30–300 mg/g 3–30 mg/mmol	>300 mg/g >30 mg/mmol
GFR categories (ml/min/1.73 m ²) Description and range	G1	Normal or high	≥90	Green	Yellow	Orange
	G2	Mildly decreased	60–89	Green	Yellow	Orange
	G3a	Mildly to moderately decreased	45–59	>65 years: Yellow ≤65 years: Green	Orange	Red
	G3b	Moderately to severely decreased	30–44	Orange	Red	Red
	G4	Severely decreased	15–29	Red	Red	Red
	G5	Kidney failure	<15	Red	Red	Red

Green: low risk (if no other markers of kidney disease, no CKD); Yellow: moderately increased risk; Orange: high risk; Red: very high risk.



CKD in older people – does dialysis help?

- Systematic review
- 11515 patients
- CKD 5; dialysis vs cons care
- Age >65
- Adjusted for age and comorbidity:
 - HR for mortality with dialysis 0.53 (0.3-0.91)

Wongrakpanich S et al. Nephron 2017;137(3):178

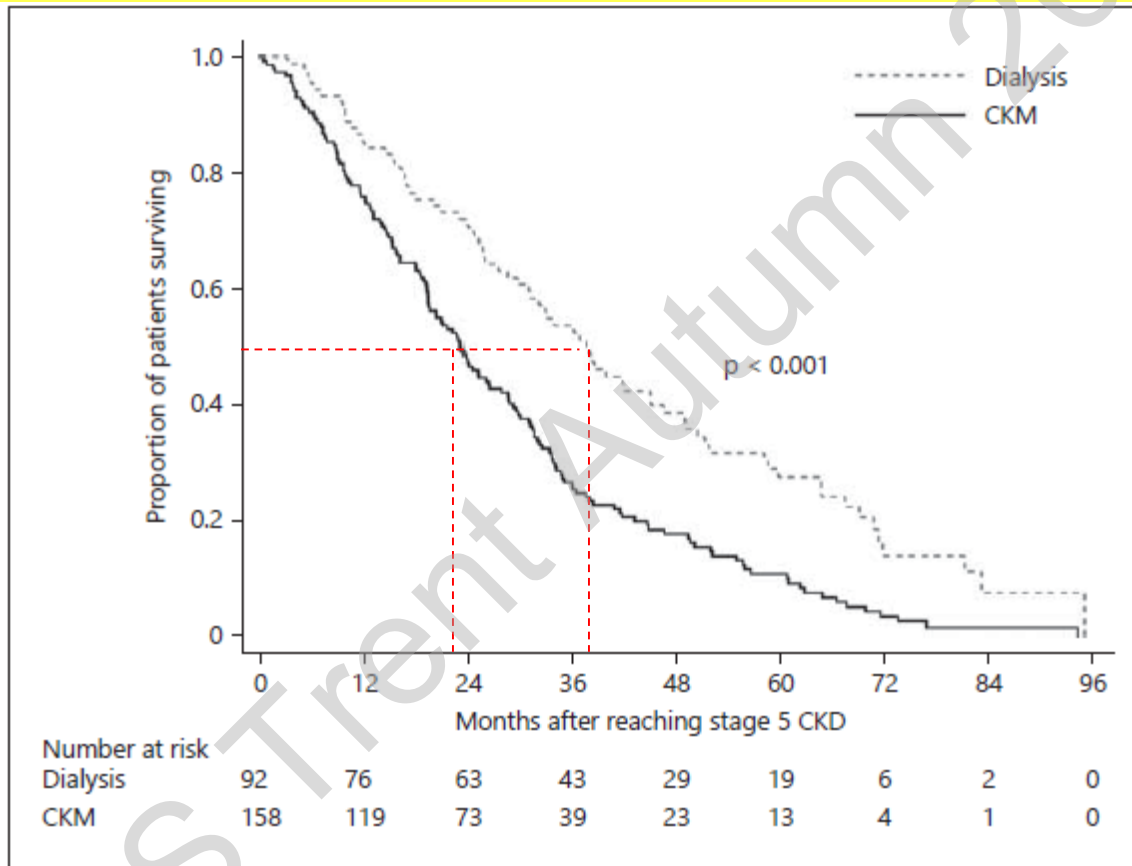
Age > 75
CKD 5
Observational

CKD in older people – does dialysis help?

Rate of Decline of Kidney Function, Modality Choice, and Survival in Elderly Patients with Advanced Kidney Disease

Shahid M. Chandna^a Lewis Carpenter^b Maria Da Silva-Gane^a Paul Warwicker^a
Roger N. Greenwood^a Ken Farrington^{a, b}

Nephron 2016;134:64–72
DOI: 10.1159/000447784



Age > 75
CKD 5
Observational

CKD in older people – does dialysis help?

Rate of Decline of Kidney Function, Modality Choice, and Survival in Elderly Patients with Advanced Kidney Disease

Shahid M. Chandna^a Lewis Carpenter^b Maria Da Silva-Gane^a Paul Warwicker^a
Roger N. Greenwood^a Ken Farrington^{a, b}

Nephron 2016;134:64–72
DOI: 10.1159/000447784

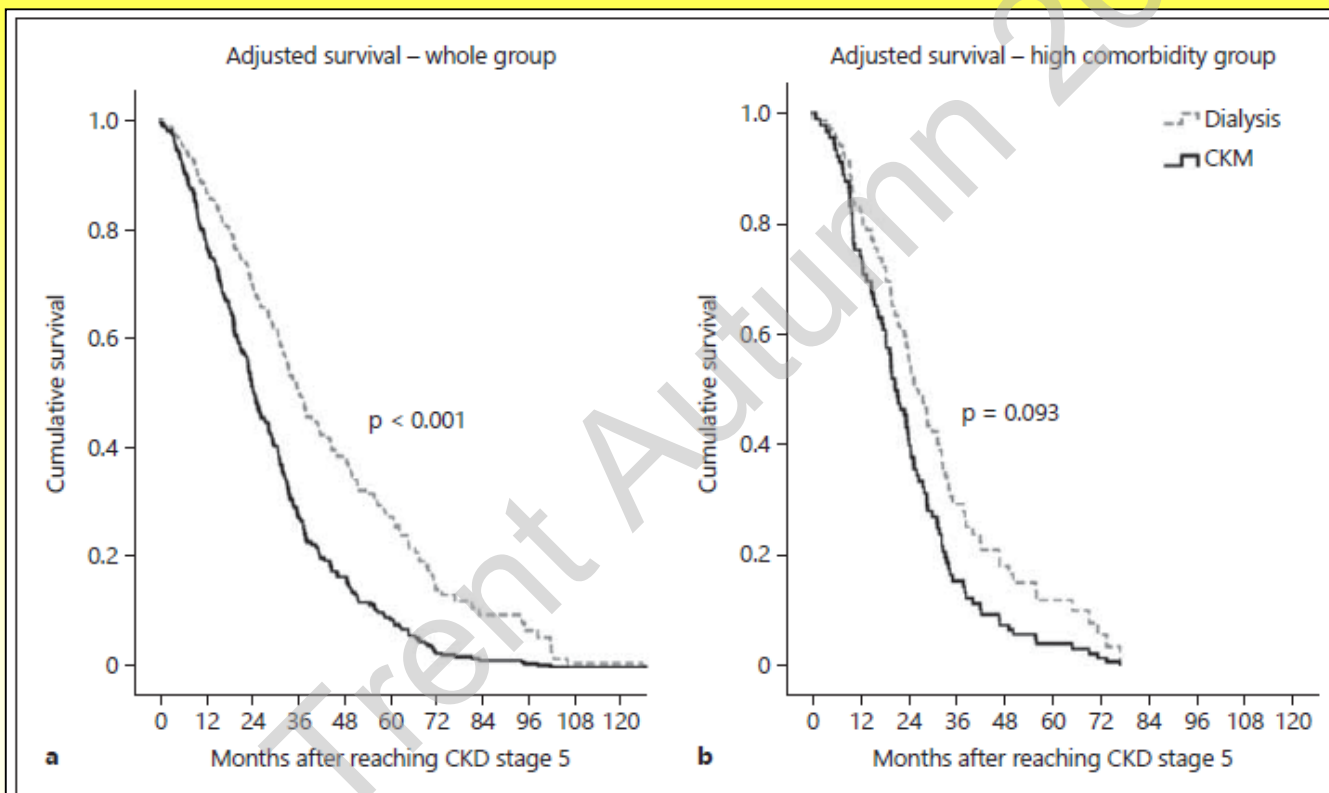


Fig. 2. Adjusted survival time in patients over the age of 75 years with stage 5 CKD. **a** Adjusted for age, gender, ethnicity, diabetes, high comorbidity and modality choice (dialysis or CKM). **b** Adjusted for age, gender, ethnicity, diabetes and modality choice (dialysis or CKM) in patients with high comorbidity.

Trent Region Aut X 2017 - The Twen X Rate of Decline X KA Rate of Decline X Predicting 3 Year X KA Dialysis Therapy X

← → ↻ https://qxmd.com/calculate/calculator_292/predicting-3-year-survival-for-incident-elderly-esrd-patients

Apps Preferences Bookmarks PKD Mutation Database RefWorks Web Based Page Not Found ADPKD Classification Home - Pub

Calculate by QxMD

Search for a calculator...

SI Imperial

► Glomerulonephritis

▼ Hemodialysis

Access Recirculation >

Kt/V from PRU >

Kt/V Daugirdas >

6-Month Mortality on HD >
Estimate 6 month mortality on dialysis using the Cohen model

Home HD Candidacy (MATCH-D) >
Assess candidacy for home hemodialysis

Percent Reduction of Urea >

Phenytoin Adjustment in Renal Failure >

3-Month Mortality in Incident Elderly ESRD Patients >
Estimate the risk of early death (at 3 months) in elderly patients starting dialysis.

Predicting 3 Year Survival for Incident Elderly ESRD Patients >

NEPHROLOGY / GERIATRICS / TRANSPLANT

Predicting 3 Year Survival for Incident Elderly ESRD Patients

Determine appropriateness for transplant referral in elderly patients starting dialysis

Gender?

Male

Female

Age?

This model is only valid for ages greater than 70.

70-74

75-79

80-84

≥85

Diabetes?

No

Yes

Ischemic Heart Disease?

- Male, >85 y.o
- No diabetes, IHD, CVD, CCF, PVD, dysrhythmia, cancer or dementia
- Walks independently
- BMI 25
- Starting dialysis with a fistula
- Estimated 3yr survival = 70%

- Male, 70-74 y.o
- With diabetes, IHD, mild CCF and COPD
- Walks with a frame
- BMI 32
- Starting dialysis on a line
- Estimated 3yr survival = 32%

CKD in older people – does dialysis help?

Age

Comorbidity

Functional
status

Patient
choice

AKI in older people – does dialysis help?

AKI and oranges

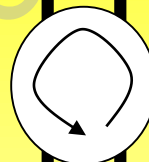
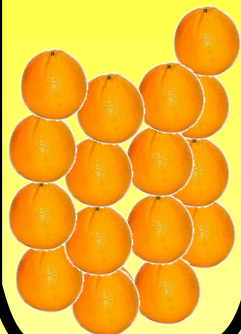


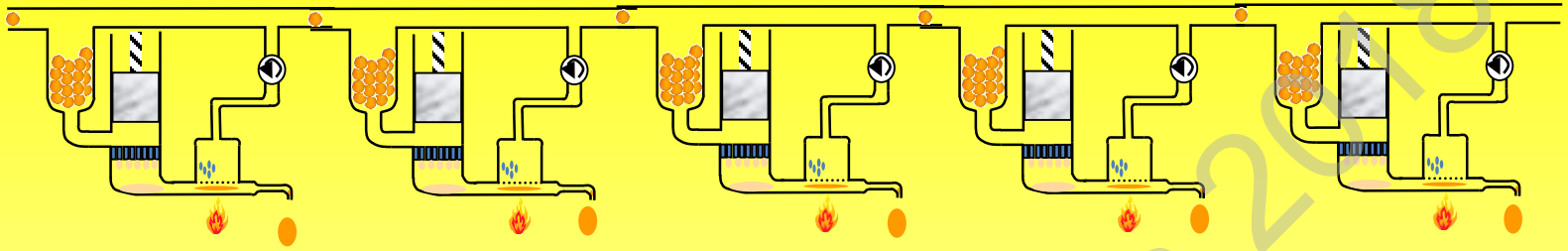
Demography of kidney
disease in the UK

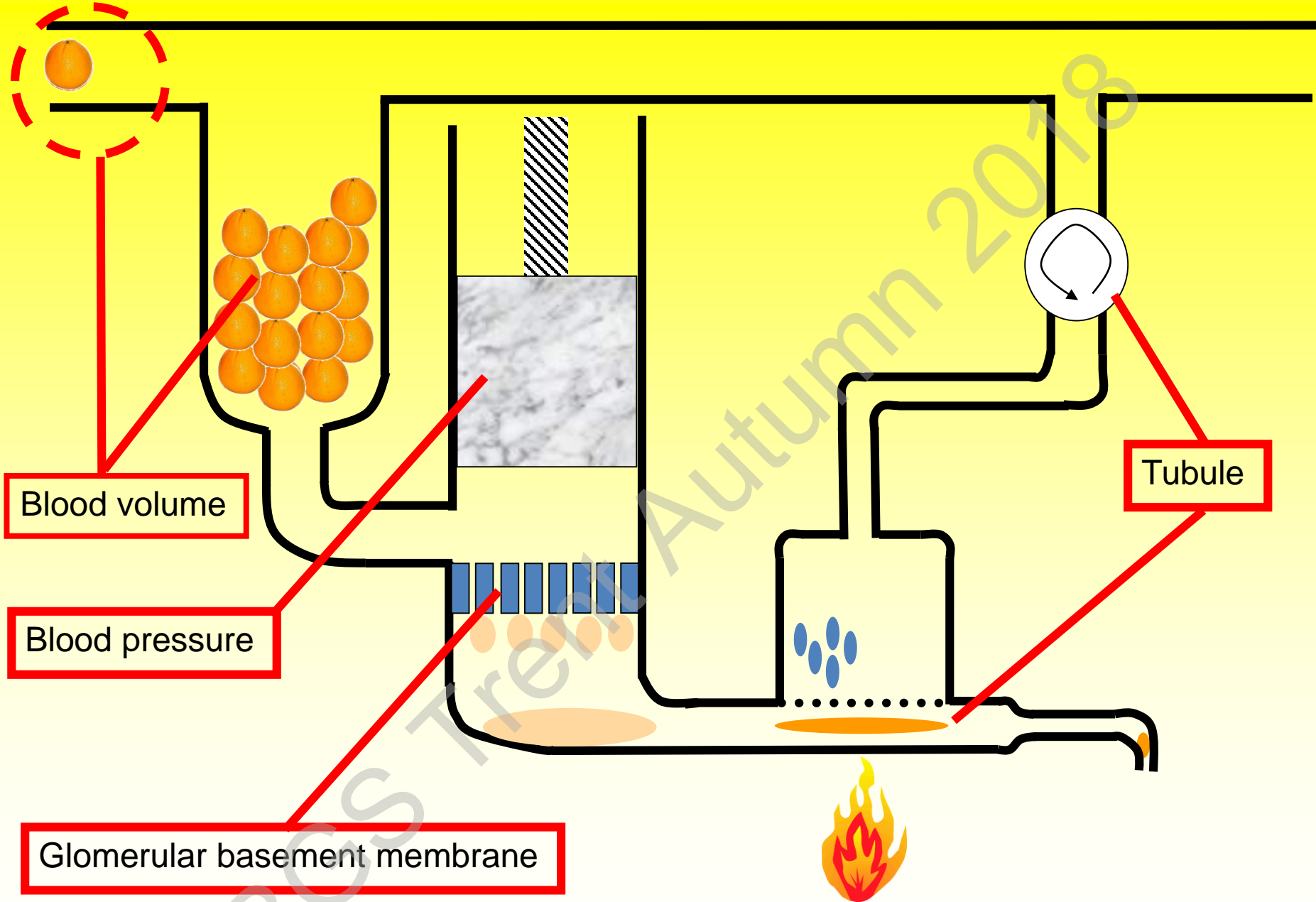
CKD in older people –
does dialysis help?

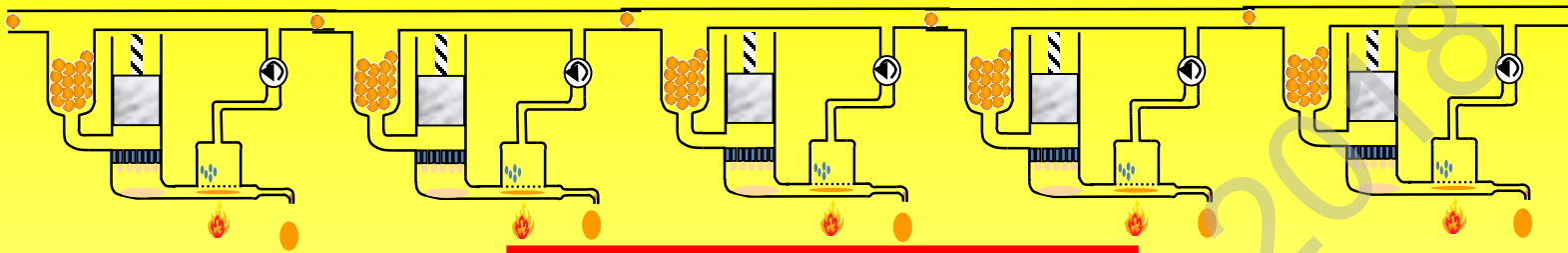
**AKI in older people –
does dialysis help?**

Bones and CKD in older
people





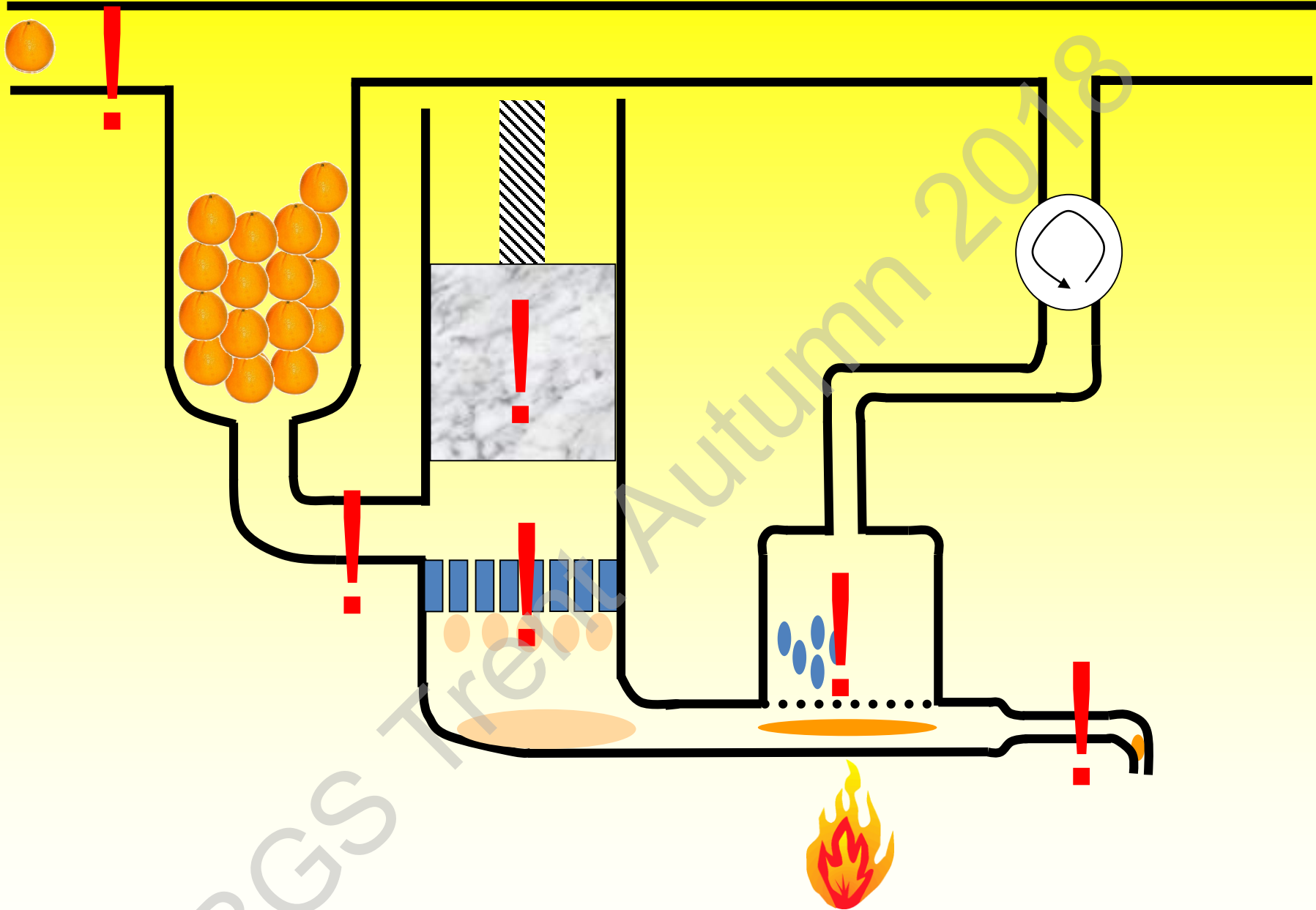


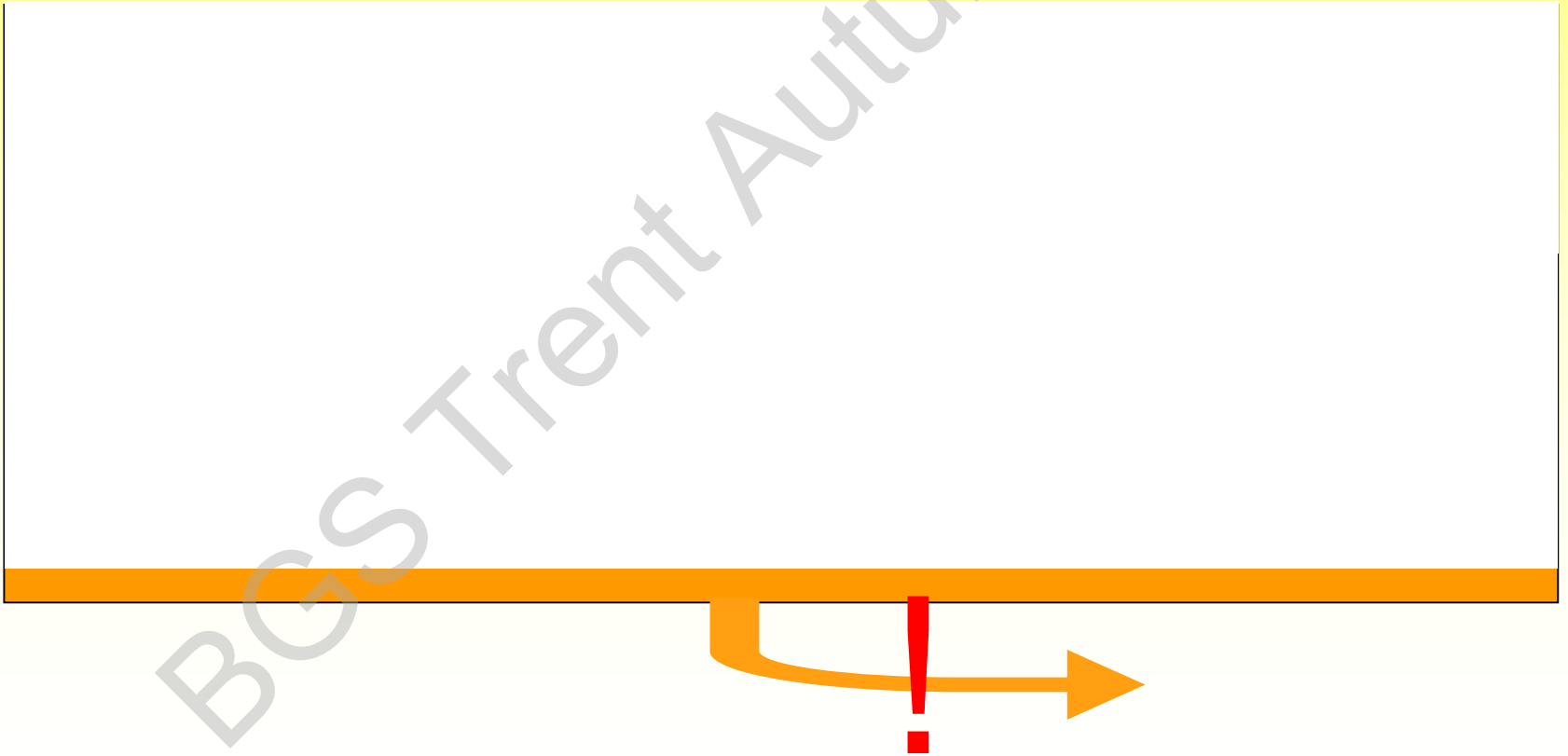
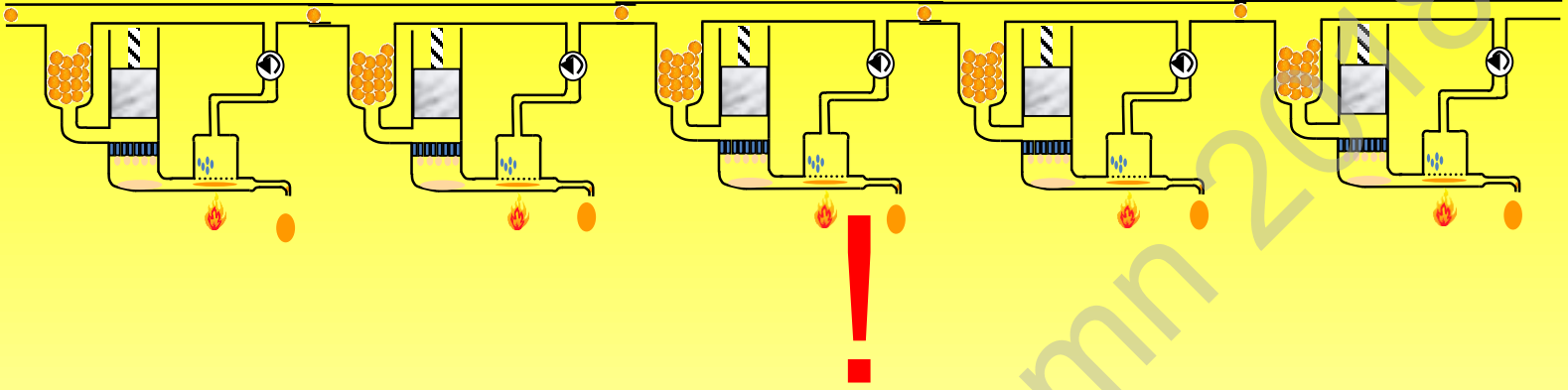


Collecting ducts and ureter

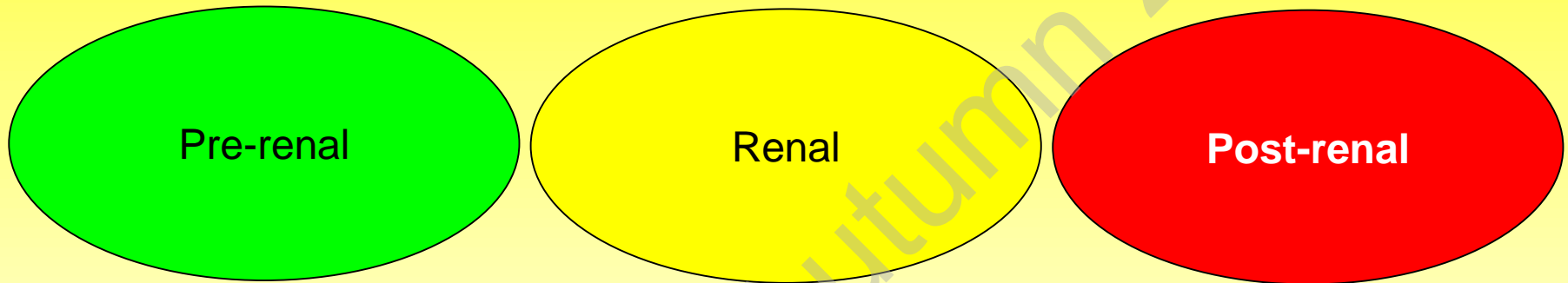
Bladder

Urethra





AKI - causes



In hospital <i>older people</i>		
70% <i>80%</i>	20% <i>5%</i>	10% <i>15%</i>

In community		
35%	25%	40%

Bacteraemia

Dementia

Ascending UTI

**"CKD" /
decreased renal
reserve**

Heart failure

Medication

Poor oral intake



**Diarrhoea and
vomiting**

**Falls and
rhabdomyolysis**

AKI3

Fluid
resuscitation

Obstruction excluded
or treated

Progressive
AKI

Renal replacement
therapy

?

Supportive /
palliative care

Dialysis versus Nondialysis in Patients with AKI: A Propensity-Matched Cohort Study

F. Perry Wilson,^{*,†} Wei Yang,^{†‡} Carlos A. Machado,[‡] Laura H. Mariani,[§] Yuliya Borovskiy,^{||} Jeffrey S. Berns,^{*} and Harold I. Feldman^{*,†‡}

Clin J Am Soc Nephrol 9: 673–681, 2014. doi: 10.2215/CJN.07630713

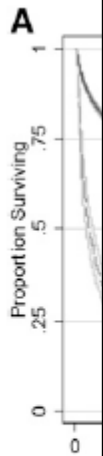


Figure 1. | Ka
in the full coh

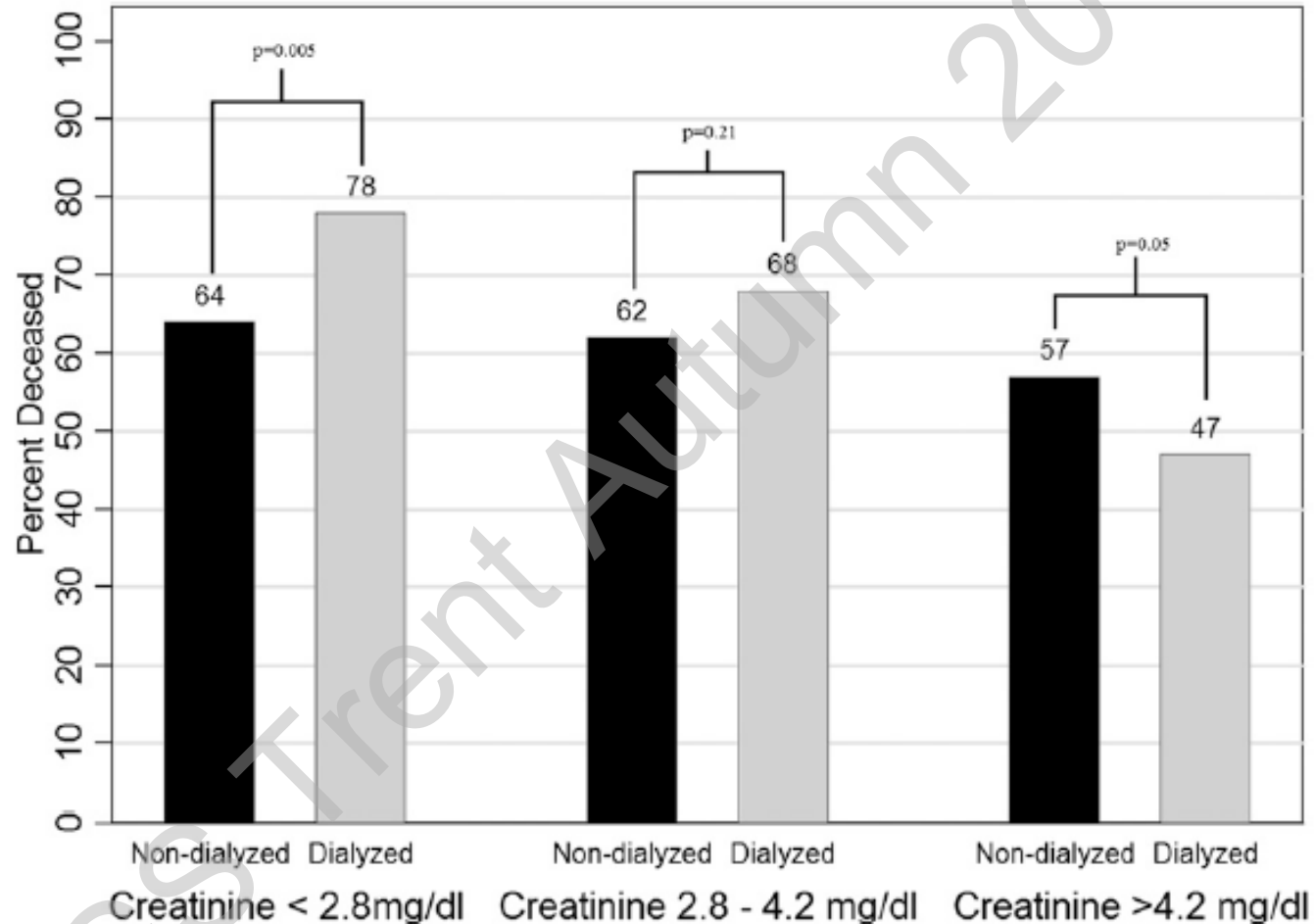


TABLE 5 DISTRIBUTION OF VARIABLES FOR PATIENTS AGED 70+ YEARS BASED ON PRESCRIPTION OF DIALYSIS DURING ICU STAY, BEFORE AND AFTER PSM

Variables	Before Matching		After Matching
	Non-dialysis (n = 167)	Dialysis (n = 57)	p
Age (years)	80.8 ± 6.9	78.7 ± 6.2	0.035
Sex			0.760
Male	84 (36.8)	30 (13.2)	
Female	87 (38.2)	27 (11.8)	
KDIGO			0.085
KDIGO1	49 (21.5)	11 (4.8)	
KDIGO2	46 (20.2)	11 (4.8)	
KDIGO3	76 (33.3)	35 (15.4)	
Charlson	7.4 ± 2.0	7.8 ± 1.9	0.184
Delta Nephro	3.6 ± 6.6	4.4 ± 8.1	0.458
Higher BUN	156 ± 65.4	228 ± 81.8	< 0.001
Higher K	5.2 ± 1.2	6.3 ± 3.8	0.001
Lower Hb	8.7 ± 2.1	7.5 ± 1.6	< 0.001
Higher Leukocyte count	21597.4 ± 21474.7	29221.9 ± 11433.8	0.011
Lower Platelet count	128874.8 ± 79029.3	97491.2 ± 63476.1	0.003
Oliguria	86 (37.7)	49 (21.5)	< 0.001
Septic shock	32 (14.0)	20 (8.8)	0.018
Diuretics	89 (39.0)	40 (17.5)	0.025
VAD	64 (28.1)	37 (16.2)	0.001
MV	118 (51.8)	55 (24.1)	< 0.001
Mortality	98 (43.0)	47 (20.6)	0.001

PSM: propensity score matching; VAD: vasoactive drugs; MV: mechanical ventilation.

AKI in older people – does dialysis help?

Age

Comorbidity

Functional
status

Reversibility

Patient
choice +
carer opinion

Bones and CKD in older people

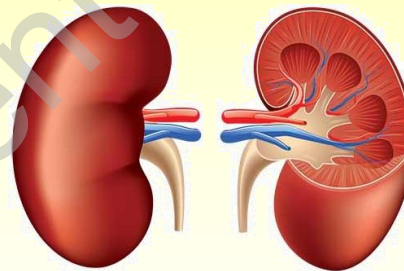
Osteoporosis



Adynamic bone disease



Hyperparathyroid bone disease



Osteomalacia

BGS

British Geriatrics Society
Improving healthcare
for older people

Nottingham University Hospitals **NHS**
NHS Trust

Demography of kidney
disease in the UK

CKD in older people –
does dialysis help?

AKI in older people –
does dialysis help?

Bones and CKD in older
people

- 83 year old lady
- Slipped on ice - # L Colles
- CKD 5D – haemodialysis x 3 years
- cCa 2.38mmol/l
- PO4 1.4mmol/l
- PTH 196 nmol/l
- Vitamin D 43 nmol/l

Adcal-D3?

Colecalciferol?

Alfacalcidol?

Bisphosphonate?

Denusomab?

DEXA scan?

Bone biopsy?

Adcal-D3?

Colecalciferol?

4.3 Contraindications

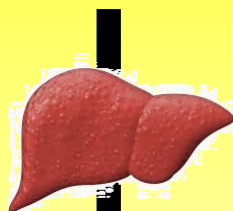
Colecalciferol 800 IU Capsules must not be used in patients with:

- Hypersensitivity to the active substance (Colecalciferol) or to any of the excipients listed in section 6.1
- Hypercalcaemia and/or hypercalciuria
- Nephrolithiasis (Renal calculi)
- Hypervitaminosis
- **Severe renal impairment**

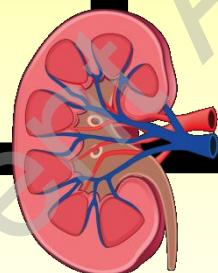
Colecalciferol SpMC



Vitamin D3



25(OH)D3



24,25(OH)₂D3

1,25(OH)₂D3

- 1 α hydroxylase is found throughout the body
- 25(OH)D3 and 24,25(OH)₂D3 (probably) have physiological roles
- “Standard” vitamin D supplements can have a biochemical effect in dialysis recipients



Clinical Trial Protocol

Trial Title:

Survival Improvement with Colecalciferol in Patients on
Dialysis – The SIMPLIFIED Registry Trial

4.2 Posology and method of administration

Use in renal impairment: No dosage adjustment is necessary for patients with GFR greater than 35 ml/min. Alendronate is not recommended for patients with renal impairment where GFR is less than 35 ml/min, due to lack of experience.

Alendronate SmPC

Bisphosphonate?



**Accumulation due to
decreased renal
clearance**

**Exacerbation of adynamic
bone disease
(and vascular calcification)**

Hypocalcaemia

Bisphosphonate?

Nottingham Renal and Transplant Guidelines

CKD 1/2

CKD 3

CKD 4/5

Dialysis

Use
bisphosphonate as
indicated as normal

Measure and
replace standard
vitamin D

Is it osteoporosis?
Consider DEXA
and/or bone biopsy

Is it osteoporosis?
Consider DEXA
and/or bone biopsy

If persistent
secondary
hyperPTH, start
alfacalcidol

Correct vitamin D
and PTH

Denosumab is
licensed at this
level of kidney
function

Use
bisphosphonate as
indicated as
normal

Denosumab is
licensed at this
level of kidney
function

Bisphosphonates
should generally be
avoided

Use
bisphosphonate
with caution

Other things I often get asked about...

Diuretics in CKD

ACEi and ARB in CKD

Contrast in AKI
Contrast in CKD

Blood pressure
targets

Anaemia and EpO in
CKD

Is it renal tubular
acidosis?

Sodium up?
Sodium down?

Why won't you take
them to the renal
unit?





Thanks for listening.