**Letter to MSs (Wales)**

Dear \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*,

As your constituent and a healthcare professional working with older people in our community, I am growing increasingly concerned about the impact of a second wave of COVID-19 on older people. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on older people is both well-known and impossible to overstate. 90% of COVID-19 deaths in the first wave of the pandemic were in those aged over 65. There were 26,000 excess deaths in care homes in England and Wales and across the UK, around 40% of COVID deaths occurred in care home residents.

I am a member of the British Geriatrics Society, the membership organisation for healthcare professionals working with older people, and they have identified five areas where the Government must do better to avoid a repeat of the first wave.

* **Policy decisions and allocation of resources must be made on the basis of evidence and need, not age**. Older people are not a homogenous group – some people aged over 65 will be incredibly active and mobile and others will be living with long-term conditions, including frailty. It is also important to remember that while the majority of deaths from COVID-19 have been in the older age group, most older people who contract the virus will recover. Older people have as much right to appropriate treatment as any other member of society, and we urge the government to guard against ageism in its allocation of resources.
* **Address pent-up demand for NHS and social care services.** During the pandemic many elective procedures, outpatient consultations and social supports were cancelled, having a devastating impact on those who benefitted from them. The NHS is now working hard to restart these services. While we appreciate that services such as cancer diagnosis and treatment will, and should, be prioritised, we urge the prompt restarting of no less vital services such as falls prevention and community rehabilitation and support services. These services help older people and their carers to stay healthy at home, reducing demand on emergency services and releasing hospital and care home capacity.
* **Care homes must be supported.** Care homes were left unprotected, particularly at the beginning of the pandemic, with devastating results. Care homes must have equitable access to PPE and to regular testing, and prompt results, for residents and staff. Homes must also be supported to set up effective isolation facilities for residents with symptoms or confirmed COVID-19. Given the detrimental effect on quality of life for care home residents through not being able to see their loved ones, care homes must be supported to enable safe visiting. This Government has committed several times to a sustainable solution to the crisis in social care and the pandemic has highlighted that urgent and meaningful action in this area is now critical.
* **Acknowledge the harm to physical and mental health caused by lockdown.** The BGS believes that for many older people, lockdown poses almost as much threat as COVID-19. Older people have spent months inside, not participating in their usual activities and being far less active than they normally are. This is particularly the case for older people who have cognitive impairments and may find it difficult to understand why they are restricted or why they need to take precautions. Many older people are likely to have experienced physical deconditioning as a result, leaving them more susceptible to other illnesses, falls and hospitalisation. Investment in exercise and rehabilitation services is crucial to ensuring that the long-term impact of COVID on older people is minimised.
* **Recognise the work of NHS and social care staff.** The first wave of the pandemic saw an outpouring of public appreciation for those who work in health and social care. It is important that this public appreciation is followed by concrete recognition for staff including addressing the low numbers of trainees in geriatric medicine, increasing district nursing and advanced practitioner capacity, and taking steps to ensure that working in social care and care homes is seen as an attractive career choice and is remunerated on a scale commensurate with those working in the NHS.

The BGS believes that these are crucial areas for the Welsh Government to focus on to ensure that older people are not disproportionately affected by the second wave of the pandemic and its associated restrictions. I am requesting that you write on my behalf to the Minister for Health and Social Services, urging him to call upon the expertise available through the British Geriatrics Society, to ensure older people’s needs are not marginalised as they were during the first wave of the pandemic. Ensuring that older people have the care and support that they need, when and where they need it will help to minimise the harm caused to this population group by COVID as well as improving quality of life and reducing hospital admissions, this saving public money.

Yours sincerely,